

## MIMIC NAVAL WAR BEGINS.

DEFENSE SQUADRON LYING  
SOUTHWEST OF BAR HARBOR.Gels News That Admiral Sands is Steaming  
Towards the Coast to Wait for the  
Wireless Reports From Scouts—Long  
Coast Line Uncovered—The Game.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 5.—What is known as "The Search Problem," marking the first phase of the summer war games, was begun at noon to-day when Rear Admiral Barker, commanding the Home Defense or Blue Squadron, received official information that the squadron of the enemy under Rear Admiral Sands had been sighted two days ago steaming toward the New England coast. Admiral Barker got this news at his present anchorage. His ships cleared from here at daylight this morning, and when the information about his opponent was delivered to him, the defense fleet was anchored out at sea about midway between Bar Harbor and Penobscot Bay, upon which are situated Belfast, Bucksport, Castine and Rockland.

The position of the defense fleet is probably thirty miles to the southwest of Bar Harbor. Admiral Barker evidently believes that the enemy's formation, officially known as the White Squadron, expects to attempt the capture of a port on the Maine coast. He must feel pretty certain of this, for he is in doubt, the safer plan for him to pursue would be to concentrate his fighting force at the center of the line within which the search game is being played, that is at Portland or its neighborhood.

This was the course followed in the search problem last year by Rear Admiral Higginson, then commanding the Home Defense Squadron, who saw that, by occupying the center of the defense line he would have only half the distance to run should the enemy attempt to take a port at either extreme end.

The limit of the coast line within which Admiral Sands may attempt to seize a port are Eastport, Me., and Cape Cod, Massachusetts. If Admiral Barker should remain in this neighborhood, Admiral Sands should appear at Cape Cod before discovery, it would be impossible for the Home Defense fleet to make the run to Cape Cod within the six hours which Admiral Sands must occupy in mining and otherwise protecting the port he takes. If Admiral Sands does not take the port six hours before Admiral Barker arrives, he will lose the game, as Admiral Barker will be able to capture the Home Defense fleet before it can get to the Cape. The Home Defense fleet, composed of the battleships Kearsarge, Alabama and Illinois, is superior in combined strength to the battleships Texas, Indiana and Massachusetts, all older and less formidable, composing the enemy's division, which must use the time mentioned in laying down mines to keep the Home Defense fleet from getting into the harbor.

If the enemy should attempt to take a port at the Cape Cod end of the defense line, Admiral Barker's main dependence will be upon the scout ships fitted with wireless telegraph instruments. These scouts have been sent far out to sea and hope to sight the enemy's ships and ascertain their probable destination many hours before they could reach the port selected. The scouts will then endeavor to communicate the news to Admiral Barker by the wireless system, and thus enable him to cover the port supposedly desired by the enemy.

The tender Nina came in this morning to get despatches for Admiral Barker. She is expected back to-morrow. There has been no other communication between the defense fleet and Bar Harbor since the warships left at daylight. Telegraph and telephone lines, to keep in communication with lighthouses and other observation stations, were established to-day for Admiral Barker's benefit. All reports will be made to Bar Harbor, where Admiral Barker's secretary, Lieut. Johnston, and Lieut. Evans of the Hartford, are stationed to receive news and send it to the defense fleet.

## TO LAW TO GET MORE SALARY.

Dock Commissioner Murphy's Former Secretary Objects to Cut.

Charles J. Collins, who is secretary of the Annapolis Club, leader of Murphy's organization in the Eighteenth Assembly district, got an order from Justice McCall on July 22 requiring the Board of Estimate to show cause why his salary should not be advanced from \$12,000 a year to \$13,000 a year, at which it stood when Dock Commissioner Hawkes took office.

Mr. Collins was secretary to Charles F. Murphy, treasurer of the Dock Board. Mr. Murphy, when he was made Commissioner of Accounts, was asked the Commissioner of Accounts to report what Mr. Collins's duties were and then recommended to the Board of Estimate that his salary be reduced to \$12,000.

Mr. Collins explains that he went into the employ of the city first in the Health Department at \$700 a year, was transferred to the Dock Department in 1897 at \$900 a year, and advanced at intervals to \$12,000. He is still in the Department. Corporation Counsel Rives maintains that Mr. Collins should have made application last year. The case will be tried before a jury, and is set for the October term.

## WONT HAVE CLUB MALIGNED.

Cathedral Club Men Asked to Look Out for Fake Members.

This notice appears in the current issue of the monthly bulletin of the Cathedral Club, one of the leading social Catholic organizations in Brooklyn, whose clubhouse is at 94 Greene avenue, close to the residence of Bishop McDonnell.

WARNING—certain "scoundrels" have represented themselves as members of the Cathedral Club, and on several occasions have come to prominent public notice in a most reprehensible manner. It is requested that the members of the club be on their guard against such persons, and that they be reported to the club at once. It is also requested that the members of the club be on their guard against such persons, and that they be reported to the club at once. It is also requested that the members of the club be on their guard against such persons, and that they be reported to the club at once.

## DR. R. P. STEWART IN A HOSPITAL.

Asks Tenderloin Police to Care for Him Because He's Been Drinking Too Much.

Dr. Robert P. Stewart walked into the Tenderloin station last night and asked the police to take care of him because he had been drinking heavily. He wanted to be sent to a hospital. He said he was 33 years old, a widower, and that he lived at 30 West Thirty-third street.

Dr. Stewart was sent to the New York Hospital. At the hospital he gave Dr. Henry O. Clauss. Over the telephone he said Dr. Stewart was a school friend of Clauss and had been living with him recently. Dr. Stewart, it was said, had had much misfortune in the last two years, having buried his wife, his two children and his mother.

## JEROME ON THE NEXT ELECTION.

As Will Be Renominated If He Wants To.

District Attorney Jerome was asked yesterday whether he thought Mayor Low was the logical candidate of the fusionists for the Mayoralty nomination this fall.

"If Mr. Low wants the nomination," said the District Attorney, "he certainly can have it. There is no doubt about that. He always proved himself a vote getter. As to the present administration everybody knows that for the past eighteen months we have had the best municipal administration we ever had. Not even barring Mr. Havemeyer or any of the others, the municipal administration of the past eighteen months has been the best New York ever witnessed. It doesn't make any difference if some people think Low is a timid, or weak, or vacillating man; it is not a question of liking him or disliking him, it is a question of his record and the results accomplished rather than any personal traits. If he wants the nomination he can have it."

"As to the result of the election it is far too early to judge."

"Judge," said one of the newspaper men who was present when Jerome was talking, "do you think it will be necessary for the fusionists to have some burning issue to stir up the people this fall?"

"The people certainly will need something of the sort to stir them up. Something is necessary to get them out to vote. Reform always gets the worst of it when the vote is small. But when people are aroused in an election the vote is generally a large one and reform succeeds. There is a tradition that reform never succeeds itself. People have got so nowadays they believe the tradition. But if you break them of this idea and keep the hungry crowd out for two years more the chances of continuing good government will be much brighter."

When asked whether he would take an active part in the coming campaign and again go on the stump, the District Attorney replied:

"That's a bridge that I have not yet come to. There will be plenty of time to talk about that later."

## FOR A GIANT LOCOMOTIVE.

The Baltimore and Ohio Having Plans Made for a Monster Engine.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 5.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is having plans prepared for a giant locomotive to be used on the heavy mountain grades as a helper.

This authoritative information was obtained to-day at the Baltimore and Ohio central building. The plans for the locomotive are under consideration for an articulated locomotive of extra large size. No contract has been awarded, as all the details have not been worked out definitely. All that can be said is that the new locomotive will weigh 150 tons, or 300,000 pounds, with steam pressure of 235 pounds to the square inch, and will have five pairs of driving wheels, or fourteen wheels in all.

This is believed to be the largest locomotive in service on any Eastern road. The largest one in service on the Baltimore and Ohio weighs 130,000 pounds and carries 120 tons, or 240,000 pounds, with steam pressure of 225 pounds to the square inch. The explanation of an articulated locomotive is that it is of jointed construction and accommodates itself to the curvature of the track instead of being rigid.

## EDISON INFRINGING PATENTS?

Charged With Doing So by a Former Employee, Who Asks an Accounting.

BAKERTON, N. J., Aug. 5.—Thomas A. Edison was made defendant in a suit instituted in the United States Circuit Court by James W. Gladstone of East Orange, who charges Mr. Edison with infringing patents on galvanic batteries and electrodes, and asks for an injunction to restrain their further manufacture by him. Gladstone was until recently employed by Edison, and was charged by Mr. Edison with infringing some of the company's patents and making improper use of the knowledge acquired by him while in the company's employ.

The bill states that Felix De La Lanza of Paris was the inventor of improved galvanic batteries which were patented in this country in 1892, the rights having been sold the following year to William H. Offley of Washington, D. C., from whom they were purchased by Gladstone last June.

Gladstone charges that he has suffered irreparable injury by the infringement, and asks for an accounting for damages and for the return of the patent rights involved in the dispute over some of the principles used by Mr. Edison in the manufacture of his storage batteries for automobiles.

## DIVORCE TO MRS. H. B. SEELEY.

Whose Husband Was Host at the Seelye, Whose Husband Was Sherry's.

Supreme Court Justice Freeman signed a decree to-day granting to Lucie Mitchell Seelye a divorce from Herbert Barnum Seelye, the brother of Clinton Barnum Seelye, whose marriage in 1898 was signified by a bachelor dinner at Sherry's which Capt. "Whiskers" Chapman raided. Herbert Seelye acted as host at the dinner, and Little Egypt gave an exhibition of her talents as an entertainer.

Herbert Seelye was married on Jan. 1, 1900, to Miss Lucie Mitchell, a daughter of the late John P. Mitchell. Her suit for divorce was heard before Warren S. Burr as referee, and he reported in her favor. All the papers were ordered sealed by the court under the decree. Mrs. Seelye may resume her maiden name after three months, but no provision is made for alimony, that matter, it is understood, having been agreed upon out of court.

Herbert Barnum Seelye is a grandson of P. T. Barnum, and he inherited a considerable part of the noted showman's estate.

## Masons Lay City Hall Cornerstone.

The cornerstone of the new City Hall in Newark, N. J., was laid with impressive ceremonies yesterday by the Grand Lodge of New Jersey, Free and Accepted Masons.

The low pressure storm from the Lake region which had been threatening yesterday, it was off the Middle Atlantic coast yesterday. It was off the Middle Atlantic coast yesterday. It was off the Middle Atlantic coast yesterday. It was off the Middle Atlantic coast yesterday. It was off the Middle Atlantic coast yesterday.

The temperature changes were slight. In this city heavy rain fell Tuesday night and yesterday morning, the total fall being 2.64 inches; the day was cloudy, with some light sprinkles; wind, fresh north; average humidity 86 per cent. tomorrow, generally clear, with a few clouds; at 8 A. M., 59; 3 P. M., 70.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

For eastern New York, partly cloudy to day, probably showers, and warmer in north and central portions; fair and warm in morning; fresh east winds, becoming variable.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, generally fair to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh north to northeast winds, becoming variable. For New England, rain in east, showers in west; portion to-day, fresh to brisk northerly winds, high in south portion; to-morrow, showers to-day; fair to-morrow; variable winds. For New Jersey, fair to-day, fresh northeast winds, fair to-morrow.

## SCHOOLMA'AMS BLACKLISTED?

A MANILA PAPER SAYS THEY ARE COMPLAINTING.

It Alleges That They Are Prevented From Getting Other Employment Under the Government When They Leave the Service—They Charge Bad Faith.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Officials of the War Department were very much interested to-day in an article appearing in a Manila newspaper, a copy of which has just been received at the Bureau of Insular Affairs, telling of trouble among the schoolma'ams sent to the Philippines from this country.

It was declared that the Philippine Commission had made up a black list of schoolteachers who had left the service, and that they are prevented from obtaining any other employment under the government in the Philippines. Col. Edwards, chief of the Insular Bureau, said he was without any other information than that contained in the newspaper, which explained that schoolteachers entering the employ of the Philippine Government did so with the understanding that they would remain at their posts for two years, at least.

It is said that many teachers became dissatisfied with their lot and resigned before the expiration of the two years, and that now they cannot get any other work.

The teachers accuse the Government, however, of acting in bad faith in the matter of the payment of salaries, and that the government was promised them in United States currency, but they were forced to accept checks calling for payment in Philippine currency, which has a fluctuating value.

Another complaint was that sometimes they were not paid for three months. Other teachers complained that they were given to understand that when they arrived in the Philippines they would be permitted to purchase supplies from the commissary at the prevailing prices, but that they were compelled to make purchases in the stores at the high prices, thus increasing their cost of living.

Some of the teachers said that when they went with their complaints to the proper officials they were told that they did not like to serve there and could leave it. Then when they did so they were barred from entering other branches of the government service, though they could pass a satisfactory examination.

## CORBIN AND GENERAL STAFF.

He Will Remain as Adjutant-General for Some Time After It Is Formed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—It has not yet been decided whether Adjutant-General Corbin will relinquish the duties of his present office when he joins the General Staff Aug. 15, upon its organization, or will continue to serve both as Adjutant-General and assistant to Gen. Young, the Chief of Staff.

That there will be no formal relinquishment of his duties as Adjutant-General for some time after the formation of the General Staff is shown by the fact that the monthly army directory, issued by the War Department, will in the coming issue show Gen. Corbin at the head of the Adjutant-General's office, as well as the second ranking officer of the General Staff.

This is believed, however, that in the future there will be a change, and that some officer of the Adjutant-General's Department will be detailed as acting Adjutant-General so that Gen. Corbin may devote more of his time to the work of the General Staff.

## CLAIM AGAINST SALVADOR.

Col. J. P. Irish Has Hopes of Bringing About a Settlement.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Col. John P. Irish, attorney for the Salvador Commercial Company, had a talk with Acting Secretary of State Loomis to-day in regard to the Trinito claim against San Salvador for about half a million dollars. This claim was submitted to arbitration some time ago, and when a decision was rendered in favor of the claimants, the Salvadoran government repudiated the decision and refused to make payment.

Since that time efforts have been made to negotiate a settlement, but without success. Col. Irish said this morning that he was continuing the negotiations with attorneys representing the Government of San Salvador, and he expected to bring about a settlement.

## Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The gunboat Wheeling has arrived at Baltimore. The Albatross and Holland at Baltimore. The Albatross at Norfolk; the Topeka at Frenchman's Bay; and the Standish at Annapolis. The collier Sterling has sailed from Lambert's Point for Philadelphia; the cruiser Albany, Cincinnati and Raleigh sailed to-day from Singapore for Hong Kong. The Nanahon and Solace have arrived at "Chofu." The "Crescent" has sailed from Lambert's Point for Frenchman's Bay. The Dixie will be commissioned Sept. 15.

## Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Many army orders have been issued.

Lieut. Col. Herbert S. Foster, assigned to Twelfth Infantry.

Retirement from active service by President, Aug. 4, of Brig. Gen. Frank G. Smith, at his own request, he having served more than forty years.

Capt. George H. Bates, Jr., Twentieth Infantry, retired from active service by President, Aug. 4, at his own request.

Previous orders relating to Capt. George H. Bates, Jr., are revoked.

Capt. John D. Barrett, Artillery Corps, to France, to be attached to the Artillery Corps, to be attached to the Artillery Corps, to be attached to the Artillery Corps.

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## NEW FREE DELIVERY ROUTES.

Nearly Half as Many Established in July as in All of Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—During the first thirty days of the present fiscal year the Post Office Department established 2,455 rural free delivery routes. The total number of routes established for the entire fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, was 5,844, consequently nearly one-half as many routes have been established since July 1 as were established during the previous twelve months.

This is largely due, however, to the fact that the appropriation of 1902 was exhausted several months before the close of the fiscal year, and while the work of mapping out routes went on as before, no new routes were established after the funds ran out.

On July 1 all these routes that had been in course of preparation were immediately established. There still remains unallotted of the appropriation for rural free delivery from the present fiscal year a sufficient sum to establish 4,000 additional routes.

## RETIREMENT OF GEN. MILES.

Will Be Announced by Secretary Root on His Return to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Secretary Root, who left last night to go to Oyster Bay to see the President, is not expected to return until Friday or Saturday. Upon his return he will probably announce the rules and regulations to govern the general staff of the army, and he will at the same time announce the retirement from active service of Gen. Stephen D. Miles.

It is understood that Gen. Miles will be promoted to Gen. S. B. M. Young to be Lieutenant-General.

## HEAVY BAIL FOR FOREMAN.

Accused of Falsifying Pay Rolls of Clothing Company He Gives \$10,000 Bond.

Samuel Goldstein, 40 years old of 103 Eldridge street, foreman for S. Golde & Sons, clothing manufacturers of 44 West Thirty-second street, was held in \$10,000 bail for examination by Magistrate Breen in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny.

Goldstein has worked for S. Golde & Sons for ten years. He was intrusted with \$1,000 every week with which to pay workmen, and is said to have falsified the payrolls.

When Goldstein was arraigned the lawyer for the prosecution stated that a member of the firm had investigated Goldstein's accounts and found that he had stolen \$10,000 from the company. He said that the defendant was held in heavy bail, and after some discussion the amount was placed at \$10,000.

Goldstein was said to be about to start for Europe. Later in the day Isidore Cohen appeared and asked Magistrate Breen to reduce the bail. The Magistrate refused, and the \$10,000 bond was furnished.

## "DON'T RAID," SAYS STEINHARDT.

Issue Summons for Pool Room Men and "I'll Bring 'Em to Court."

Benjamin Steinhardt, who is counsel for the poolroom keepers, in opposing a further adjournment of the case against the Leven brothers, which was to have come up in the Tombs court yesterday, asked that, in future, summonses and not warrants be issued when poolroom keepers are wanted by the police.

"It is customary," he said, "when women want to settle a clothing bill to issue summonses and let them thresh it out on the bridge. The poolroom cases are of the same order. Spectacular raids are unnecessary. If the police want any supposed proprietor of any supposed poolroom, let them get summonses and I will produce the men in court, or I will take the captain to the alleged room and let him pick out the men he wants."

## MAY STOP JAMAICA TRAINS.

Aldermen Have Jurisdiction and Can Compel B. R. T. to Run Single Cars.

For some months past the people of Jamaica, L. I., have been trying to compel the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company from running trains of three and four cars through the streets of their town. The Aldermen were asked last spring to stop the practice, but they were not sure of the power to do so. They referred the matter to the Corporation Counsel, Mr. Rives, who has prepared an opinion on the subject, which will be sent to City Clerk Scully to-day.

Mr. Rives holds that the Aldermen have the right to pass ordinances regulating the traffic over the roads and providing for the operation of single cars only in the streets of Jamaica.

If the Aldermen pass a measure prohibiting the running of three-car trains, it is understood that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company will take the matter to the courts.

## Will Rush Fourth Avenue Improvement.

City Works Commissioner Redfield of Brooklyn Announced Yesterday That All the Plans for the Improvement and Leasing of Fourth Avenue Along its Entire Length, from Flatbush Avenue to New York Bay, a Distance of Four Miles, Had Been Perfected and That He Expected that the Work on the Improvement of the Avenue in Brooklyn, which is the widest in the city, will be completed at a cost of \$300,000, and 1,100 Norway maples will be planted along the sides and in the central parkways.

Plans have been filed with The Bronx Building Bureau for the enlargement, at a cost of \$100,000, of the primary school in Trinity avenue between 135th and 138th streets by adding a front extension 105 feet long by 83 feet deep.

## To Enlarge Trinity Avenue School.

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Killed by a Baseball.

James H. McTernan, 10 years old, of 9 Clayton street, Newark, N. J., died Tuesday night as the result of being struck in the face by a batted baseball while engaged in a game with several other boys in a vacant lot on Saturday last.

## Mrs. Williams Killed by Escaping Gas.

Nellie Williams, 65 years old, was found dead in bed yesterday at 159 West Fourth street. She had been asphyxiated by illuminating gas which flowed from an open burner in the room. Her death is believed to have been due to an accident. She was well known to many families in the neighborhood and visited many of them for a week at a time.

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## ALL CAME OF SKIRT RAISING.

PEACE AT LAST IN HUNTER AND MCCARTHY CAMPS.

But That's Because It Will Cost Hunter \$50 to Keep It—There Was a Fine Shindy Before That, and McCarthy Couldn't Get to It for Fear of Thieves.

The principal topic of corner conversation in the neighborhood of Avenue C and Forty-eighth street, Bayonne, last night, was how Mrs. Dennis McCarthy had "trunk it into" Mr. William Hunter in the police court earlier in the day.

Ever since Mr. Hunter's wife haled Mrs. McCarthy before the Bayonne court a year ago and called for a decision on the question, "How high can a lady raise her skirt with propriety?" the two families have been very much on the outs. Even before that, Mrs. McCarthy had won her neighbor's ill-will by refusing to give credit at her grocery, and, after the skirt-raising case was settled, the conversations which the two women held across the rear fence, together with the invasions and counter-invasions of the three McCarthy children and the fourteen Hunter boys, kept the neighbors' windows pleasantly crowded and the neighbors' blood pleasantly astir most of the days.

A week ago, while Mrs. McCarthy was "draining" potatoes and her pretty, twenty-year-old niece was "taking a tub upstairs," a great commotion broke out in the back yard. Mrs. McCarthy was delayed in getting out by having to finish the draining process. The niece, however, got out as far as the bathroom window would let her. She saw her eleven-year-old brother making a wild dash over the rear grass plot. Behind him sprinted Hunter. She says Hunter brandished a stone, and "I'll pull the pulling out of you," is her version of his speech.

"How long are you going to let this go on?" was the greeting which Mrs. McCarthy, who is large, gave to Mr. McCarthy that night.

Mr. McCarthy is not large and he would probably have passed off the affair with the self-restraint that goes with 5 feet 1 1/2, if his brother Eugene hadn't